# Simple Past

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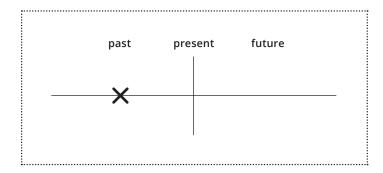
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### **Grammar Notes**

SIMPLE PAST

### A. Use

We use the **simple past** to talk about finished actions that happened in the past.



### **B. Time Markers**

Words that show the time of an action are called "time markers." Common time markers for the simple past are *yesterday*, *last*, *ago*, and *when*.

Time Marker	Examples	
yesterday	<ul> <li>I walked my dog yesterday.</li> <li>He called me yesterday morning.</li> </ul>	
last	<ul> <li>They went to the movies last night.</li> <li>Our company hired 20 new employees last year.</li> </ul>	
ago	<ul> <li>She got a new job two months ago.</li> <li>Six weeks ago, we moved to New York.</li> </ul>	
when	<ul> <li>My brother learned to ride a bike when he was four years old.</li> <li>When I graduated from university, I applied for many jobs.</li> </ul>	

### C. Form

A common way to form the simple past is to add *-ed* to the end of a verb. These verbs are called "**regular** verbs."

Other verbs have many kinds of changes. They are called "**irregular** verbs."

The **Be** verb is a special kind of irregular verb. It has two forms (*was* and *were*). It also has different sentence patterns.

Let's look at regular verbs, irregular verbs, and the Be verb in more detail.

### **D. Regular Verbs**

To form the past tense of regular verbs, add *-ed* to the base verb.

Type of Sentence	Pattern	Examples
Positive	base verb + - <i>ed</i>	<ul> <li>I talked to my friends for hours yesterday.</li> <li>They worked until 7:00 pm last night.</li> <li>She tried to help me two weeks ago.</li> <li>My coworkers completed the project.</li> </ul>
Negative	did not / didn't + base verb	<ul> <li>He did not study French at school.</li> <li>My classmates didn't like my speech.</li> </ul>
Question	did + subject + base verb	<ul> <li>Did you call me last night?</li> <li>Did she go on a trip last year?</li> </ul>
Wh- Question	Wh- word + did + subject + base verb	<ul> <li>When did you leave?</li> <li>How did they know about the test?</li> </ul>

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### D. Regular Verbs cont.

How do we spell regular past verbs? Follow these simple rules:

#	Rule	Examples
1	lf a verb ends in - <i>e</i> , add - <i>d</i> .	<ul> <li>like → liked</li> <li>arrive → arrived</li> <li>decide → decided</li> </ul>
2	If a verb ends in consonant + <i>-y</i> , change <i>-y</i> to <i>-i</i> and add <i>-ed</i> .	<ul> <li>carry → carried</li> <li>try → tried</li> <li>study → studied</li> </ul>
3	lf a verb ends in vowel + - <i>y</i> , add <i>-ed</i> .*	<ul> <li>play → played</li> <li>stay → stayed</li> <li>enjoy → enjoyed</li> </ul>
4	If a verb ends in a consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) pattern, double the final consonant and add <i>-ed</i> .**	<ul> <li>hug → hugged</li> <li>plan → planned</li> <li>stop → stopped</li> </ul>
5	For all other verbs, add - <i>ed</i> .	<ul> <li>watch → watched</li> <li>ask → asked</li> <li>clean → cleaned</li> </ul>

#### \*Note:

There are some exceptions to this rule:

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- pay → paid
- lay → laid

#### \*\*Note:

For verbs with more than one syllable, this rule is only true if the stress is on the **last** syllable. Notice the difference below:

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- prefer → preferred
- visit → visited

### **E. Irregular Verbs**

To form the past tense of an irregular verb, we must make a change (in the middle or ending) to the verb.

Type of Sentence	Pattern	Examples
Positive	various changes*	<ul> <li>She wrote me a long email this morning.</li> <li>I ate an entire pizza on the weekend.</li> <li>The staff members met with the boss.</li> <li>They rode their bikes to school when they were young.</li> </ul>
Negative	did not / didn't + base verb	<ul> <li>He did not read the newspaper yesterday.</li> <li>My neighbors didn't pay their rent last month.</li> </ul>
Question	did + subject + base verb	<ul> <li>Did you tell her about your accident?</li> <li>Did they go shopping yesterday afternoon?</li> </ul>
Wh- Question	Wh- word + did + subject + base verb	<ul> <li>When did you catch a cold?</li> <li>Why did you sing that song?</li> </ul>

### \*Note:

For a complete list of irregular verbs, see page 23 in this lesson.

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### F. Be Verb

To form the past tense of the Be verb, use the words *was* or *were*.

Type of Sentence	Type of Sentence Pattern Examples	
Positive	l / he / she / it / singular count noun / non-count noun + was	<ul> <li>I was happy when I was in Hawaii.</li> <li>The teacher was in the classroom.</li> </ul>
POSICIVE	you / we / they / plural count noun + were	<ul> <li>We were sick last month.</li> <li>The children were at the park.</li> </ul>
Norotivo	was not / wasn't	• He <b>was not</b> at home last night.
Negative	were not / weren't	• We <b>weren't</b> at work yesterday.
Question	was / were + subject	<ul> <li>Were you in trouble?</li> <li>Was your sister at school yesterday?</li> </ul>
Wh- Question	Wh- word + was / were + subject	<ul> <li>Who was that?</li> <li>Where were you?</li> </ul>

#### FILL IN THE BLANKS

Put the correct past tense form of *Be* in the blanks below.

Ex. Eva <u>was</u> sick yesterday.

- 1. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the same class last year.
- 2. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ tired after a long day at work.
- 3. The weather \_\_\_\_\_\_ beautiful yesterday.
- 4. My teachers \_\_\_\_\_\_ really good last semester.
- 5. The children \_\_\_\_\_\_ hungry after so much exercise.
- 6. The wind \_\_\_\_\_\_ very strong last night.
- 7. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ so happy last week.
- 8. They \_\_\_\_\_\_ nervous on the first day of school.
- 9. Luckily, the windows \_\_\_\_\_\_ closed during the rainstorm.
- 10. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ very happy to get your invitation last week.

#### COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

Finish the following sentences using the negative form of *Be* in the past tense.

Ex.	l am at work today, but <u><i>l wasn't at work yesterday.</i></u>
1.	It is cold outside today, but
	She is sick today, but
	They are at school today, but
	The TV show is good today, but
	The peaches are sweet today, but
	The class is interesting today, but
7.	He is angry today, but
8.	The door is locked today, but
9.	The exercises are easy today, but
10.	The children are tired today, but

#### PAIR WORK

Write the questions using the prompt and the simple past tense. Then interview your partner. Write down your **partner's answers**.

#	Prompt	Question	Answer
Ex	at home / last night	Were you at home last night?	No, I wasn't.
1	at school / yesterday		
2	at the movies / last weekend		
3	at the gym / last week		
4	at the mall / last month		
5	in another country / last year		
6	tired / last night		
7	angry / last week		
8	sick / last month		
9	excited / about your last birthday		
10	happy / during your last vacation		

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### **Exercise 4**

#### VERB CHART (REGULAR VERBS)

Review the spelling rules on page 4. Then write the past forms of these regular verbs.

#	Base Form	Past Form
Ex	ask	asked
1	brush	
2	carry	
3	check	
4	clean	
5	cry	
6	dance	
7	decide	
8	hope	
9	hug	

#	Base Form	Past Form
10	laugh	
11	learn	
12	like	
13	listen	
14	plan	
15	play	
16	study	
17	talk	
18	walk	
19	wash	

#### CHOOSE THE CORRECT VERB

Choose a verb from the list on the right to complete the following sentences. Write the verb in the past tense. Use each verb only once.

Ex. I	visited	my friend in the hospital last night.	
1. The boys		baseball in the field behind the school.	• change
2. Robert		his wife wash the dishes.	• paint
3. We		our living room a soft blue color.	• travel • listen • help
4. Susan		TV for two hours last night.	<ul><li>arrive</li><li>learn</li></ul>
5. We		planes on the way to New York.	• watch • play • wait
6. She		for him for 20 minutes at the coffee shop.	L
7. He		how to swim when he was a child.	
8. They		all around the country three years ago.	
9. The student	S	late for class.	
10. We		to the radio until midnight.	

#### **QUESTIONS & ANSWERS**

### **A. Write the Answers**

Answer the questions using the simple past tense and the prompt.

#	Question	Prompt	Answer
Ex	Did Anna bake a cake last weekend?	no	No, she didn't.
1	Did the boys play soccer yesterday?	yes	
2	Did she call her mother last night?	no	
3	Did you fix your TV yesterday?	no	
4	Did they play in a band together?	yes	
5	Did he study history at university?	yes	

### **B. Interview Your Partner**

Now write five questions using any regular verbs from the list on page 10. Then ask your partner the questions and write his or her answers.

#	Question	Answer
Ex	Did you watch TV last night?	Yes, she did.
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

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# **Exercise 7**

#### VERB CHART (IRREGULAR VERBS)

Write the past forms of these irregular verbs. Refer to the list on page 23 if you need help.

#	Base Form	Past Form
Ex	be	was, were
1	begin	
2	bring	
3	catch	
4	choose	
5	do	
6	fall	
7	go	
8	have	
9	know	

#	Base Form	Past Form
10	make	
11	read	
12	run	
13	see	
14	sing	
15	sleep	
16	take	
17	teach	
18	think	
19	write	

#### CHOOSE THE CORRECT VERB

Choose a verb(s) from the list on the right to complete the following sentences. Write the verb(s) in the past tense. Use each verb only once.

Ex.	She	broke a plate when she was washing the dish	ies.	•••••
			Verb List:	
1.	They	to Paris in a jumbo jet last week.	• buy	
2.	۱	the alarm clock for 7:00 yesterday mornir	~ break~	
		up an hour before the alarm clock	• teach • fly • set	
3.	۱	an email to my friend back home.	• send • wake	
4.	Не	a five-page essay last night.	<ul><li>swim</li><li>feel</li><li>pay</li></ul>	
5.	His mother	care of him when he		
6.	The teacher _	the mathematics class	<ul><li>write</li><li>drink</li><li>give</li></ul>	
	and then	the students three exercises to d		
7.	Matthew	his wallet on the way to work yes	terday. • catch • lose	
	Не	very upset.		
8.	Angie	a bad cold last week. She	in bed for three days.	
9.	The children _	in the lake behind their house	last summer.	
10.	We	a wonderful time at your party last nig	ht.	
11.	۱	groceries on my way home yesterday and	Icash.	
12.	۱	three friends at the cafe and		
	we	several cups of coffee together.		

#### IRREGULAR VERB BINGO

Choose any 24 verbs from the Irregular Verb List on page 23 and write the past tense forms in the squares. Then play Bingo! Draw an X when you hear your teacher call out a matching verb.

Free Space	

### **OPPOSITES**

Write the opposite of each verb below. Make sure to use the past tense. There may be more than one possible opposite, but try to think of one that has an irregular past form.

#	Verb	Opposite
Ex	gave	took
1	remembered	
2	bought	
3	found	
4	sat	
5	arrived	
6	opened	
7	rose (the sun)	
8	learned	
9	floated	
10	saved (money)	

#### TIME MARKERS

Complete the following sentences using yesterday, last, or ago.

- Ex. We went skiing a lot \_\_\_\_\_\_ last \_\_\_\_\_ winter.
- 1. She came to this country three years \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. The teacher canceled the class \_\_\_\_\_ Monday.
- 3. I spoke to him for ten minutes \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. We went dancing \_\_\_\_\_\_ night.
- 5. The boss was away \_\_\_\_\_ morning.
- 6. We began this class \_\_\_\_\_\_ fall.
- 7. The children ran around outside \_\_\_\_\_\_ afternoon.
- 8. She got married five years \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 9. We went shopping \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 10. He left five minutes \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **POSITIVE & NEGATIVE**

Read the example. Then complete the sentences below using the past tense. Make the first sentence negative and the second one positive.

Ex. Ben usually eats cereal for breakfast.

He <u>didn't eat</u> cereal yesterday. He <u>ate</u> toast.

1. Ben usually gets up at 7:00.

He \_\_\_\_\_\_ at 7:00 yesterday. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ at 8:00.

2. Ben usually takes a shower.

He \_\_\_\_\_\_ a shower yesterday. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ a bath.

- Ben usually reads the *Times* newspaper.
   He \_\_\_\_\_\_ the *Times* yesterday.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_ the Post.
- 4. Ben usually leaves the house at 8:00.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the house at 8:00.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at 9:00.
- 5. Ben usually takes a bus to work.

He \_\_\_\_\_\_ a bus yesterday.

He \_\_\_\_\_\_a taxi.

- 6. Ben usually meets his boss in the morning.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_ his boss in the morning.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_ him in the afternoon.
- 7. Ben usually writes ten emails in the morning.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_\_ ten emails yesterday.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_\_ five letters.
- 8. Ben usually eats lunch in the office.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_ lunch in the office today.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_ lunch in a restaurant.
- 9. Ben usually has a lot of appointments every day.
  He \_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of appointments yesterday.
  He only \_\_\_\_\_\_ a few.
- 10. Ben usually gets home at 6:00.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_\_ home at 6:00 yesterday.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_\_ home at 7:00.

#### WRITE THE QUESTIONS

Use the correct question word (*who*, *what*, *where*, *when*, *why*, *how many*) to make Wh- questions in the simple past tense. The **bold** words are the answers to the questions.

Ex.	Where did she buy that toy?	6.	
	She bought that toy <b>at Walmart</b> .		She said " <b>hello</b> " to me.
1.		7.	
	They left the office <b>at 6:00</b> .		l felt <b>sick</b> yesterday.
2.			
	She didn't go to work <b>because she was sick</b> .		The sun rose <b>at 6:45 am</b> yesterday.
3.		9.	
	l spent <b>\$80.00</b> on groceries.		She wore <b>a beautiful dress</b> to the party.
4.		10.	·
	Rosa spoke <b>to the boss</b> .*		The meeting took place in <b>Room 29</b> .
5.			
	<b>Rosa</b> spoke to the boss.*		
1	*Note:		
•	There is a difference between questions 4 and 5. Can you explain the grammar rule?		

.....

#### FIND SOMEONE WHO

Walk around the classroom and ask your classmates questions. Write the questions in the spaces provided below, and write your classmate's name on the right if he/she answers "yes."

#	Find someone	Question	Classmate
1	who woke up late this morning.	Did you wake up late this morning?	
2	who didn't take the bus to school this morning.		
3	who ate an egg for breakfast this morning.		
4	who saw a good movie on TV last night.		
5	who bought something expensive yesterday.		
6	who had a bad cold last week.		
7	who won something last year.		
8	who read a great book last month.		
9	who heard some interesting gossip last week.		
10	who went on vacation to another country last year.		

#### WRITING

Choose one of the topics below. Write a paragraph using regular and irregular past tense verbs.

#### **Topics:**

- what you did yesterday
- what you did last weekend
- what you did during your last vacation

#### **Example:**

I went on vacation to Amsterdam last year. It was spring. There were many tulips. I went to a lot of museums and saw a lot of beautiful art...

\_\_\_\_\_

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## **Exercise 16**

### QUIZ

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. Two weeks ago, I \_\_\_\_\_ a new car.
  - a) bought
  - b) buyed
- 2. Juan \_\_\_\_\_ at the store on his way home.
  - a) stoped
  - b) stopped
- 3. I was very tired \_\_\_\_\_ week.
  - a) ago
  - b) last
- 4. It \_\_\_\_\_\_ us two days to write the report.
  - a) taked
  - b) took
- 5. How \_\_\_\_\_ the weather last weekend?
  - a) was
  - b) were
- 6. Alyssa \_\_\_\_\_ to go to Spain.
  - a) decideed
  - b) decided

- 7. They left the city a month \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) ago b) last
- 8. She \_\_\_\_\_ a cold last week.
  - a) cought
  - b) caught
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_ your homework?
  - a) Did you finish
  - b) Did you finished
- 10. Maya and Louise \_\_\_\_\_ late for class.
  - a) was b) were
- 11. They \_\_\_\_\_ to sell their house.
  - a) tryed
  - b) tried
- 12. Chang \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night.
  - a) didn't go
  - b) didn't went

# **Irregular Verb List**

Base Form	Past Form
be	was, were
become	became
begin	began
break	broke
bring	brought
buy	bought
catch	caught
choose	chose
come	came
cost	cost
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fall	fell
feel	felt
find	found
forget	forgot
freeze	froze

Base Form	Past Form
get	got
give	gave
go	went
grow	grew
have	had
hear	heard
hide	hid
hit	hit
hold	held
keep	kept
know	knew
lay	laid
lead	led
leave	left
let	let
lie	lay
lose	lost
make	made
meet	met
рау	paid
put	put

Base Form	Past Form
read	read
ring	rang
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
shut	shut
sing	sang
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spend	spent
stand	stood
take	took
teach	taught
tell	told
throw	threw
understand	understood
wake	woke wore wrote
wear	wore
write	wrote

### **Answer Key**

#### **LESSON DESCRIPTION:**

This lesson covers the past tense of the *Be* verb, regular verbs, and irregular verbs. Through various individual and group activities, students will get plenty of written and oral practice with the affirmative, negative, and question forms of simple past verbs.

#### LEVEL: Beg – Low Int

TIME: 3-4 hours

**TAGS:** simple past, past, past tense, verbs, verb tenses, regular verbs, irregular verbs, Be, spelling, pronunciation, grammar

### Exercise 1

1.	were	6.	was
2.	was	7.	was
3.	was	8.	were
4.	were	9.	were
5.	were	10.	were

### **Exercise 2**

- 1. ...it wasn't cold yesterday.
- 2. ...she wasn't sick yesterday.
- 3. ...they weren't at school yesterday.
- 4. ...it wasn't good yesterday.
- 5. ...they weren't sweet yesterday.
- 6. ...it wasn't interesting yesterday.
- 7. ...he wasn't angry yesterday.
- 8. ...it wasn't locked yesterday.
- 9. ...they weren't easy yesterday.
- 10. ...they weren't tired yesterday.

#### **Exercise 3**

Partners' answers will vary. Make sure students write down their partner's answers and not their own. You can have them copy exactly what their partners say (*Yes, I was/No, I wasn't*) or have them report their partner's answers (*Yes, he/she was/No, he/she wasn't*).

- 1. Were you at school yesterday?
- 2. Were you at the movies last weekend?
- 3. Were you at the gym last week?
- 4. Were you at the mall last month?
- 5. Were you in another country last year?
- 6. Were you tired last night?
- 7. Were you angry last week?
- 8. Were you sick last month?
- 9. Were you excited about your last birthday?
- 10. Were you happy during your last vacation?

(continued on the next page...)

15. slept
 16. took
 17. taught
 18. thought
 19. wrote

### Answer Key cont.

### **Exercise 4**

1.	brushed	8.	hoped	15.	played
2.	carried	9.	hugged	16.	studied
3.	checked	10.	laughed	17.	talked
4.	cleaned	11.	learned	18.	walked
5.	cried	12.	liked	19.	washed
6.	danced	13.	listened		
7.	decided	14.	planned		

Review the spelling rules on page 4 before starting this exercise. For further spelling practice when forming regular past verbs, try the worksheet in our Grammar & Usage Resource.

For pronunciation practice, have students read the past forms out loud. Before that, you may want to hand out our pronunciation rules guide and exercise (with audio) in our Grammar & Usage Resources.

### Exercise 5

played	6.	waited
helped	7.	learned
painted	8.	traveled
watched	9.	arrived
changed	10.	listened
	helped painted watched	helped 7. painted 8. watched 9.

### **Exercise 6**

#### A. WRITE THE ANSWERS

- 1. Yes, they did.
- 2. No, she didn't.
- 3. No, I didn't.
- 4. Yes, they did.
- 5. Yes, he did.

#### **B. INTERVIEW YOUR PARTNER?**

Questions and answers will vary.

### **Exercise 7**

1.	began	8.	had
2.	brought	9.	knew
3.	caught	10.	made
4.	chose	11.	read
5.	did	12.	ran
6.	fell	13.	saw
7.	went	14.	sang

**Exercise 8** 

1.	flew	7.	lost, felt/got
2.	set, woke, rang	8.	caught, lay
3.	sent	9.	swam
4.	wrote	10.	had
5.	took, got/felt	11.	bought, paid
6.	taught, gave	12.	met, drank

#### **Exercise 9**

Make sure your students mix up the order of the verbs they copy down so that they all have a different card. Tell them you will call out the base/present verb and that they should draw an X over the corresponding past form if they have it on their card. The first student to complete a line (horizontally, vertically, or diagonally) should shout "Bingo!" To make the game last longer, tell students they can only yell "Bingo!" when they have two completed lines instead of one.

(continued on the next page...)

### Answer Key cont.

### **Exercise 10**

Answers may vary. If this task is too difficult for your students, you could write the base forms of the following suggested answers on the board (in a random order).

- 1. forgot
- 2. sold
- 3. lost
- 4. stood
- 5. left

8. taught/forgot
 9. sank

7.

6. closed/shut

set/went down

10. spent

### **Exercise 11**

- 1. ago
- 2. last
- 3. yesterday
- 4. last
- 5. yesterday

#### **Exercise 12**

- 1. didn't get up / got up
- 2. didn't take / took
- 3. didn't read / read
- 4. didn't leave / left
- 5. didn't take / took
- 6. didn't meet / met
- 7. didn't write / wrote
- 8. didn't eat / ate
- 9. didn't have / had
- 10. didn't get / got

#### **Exercise 13**

- 1. When did they leave the office?
- 2. Why didn't she go to work?
- 3. How much did you spend on groceries?
- 4. Who did Rosa speak to?
- 5. Who spoke to the boss?
- 6. What did she say to you?
- 7. How did you feel yesterday?
- 8. When/What time did the sun rise yesterday?
- 9. What did she wear to the party?
- 10. Where did the meeting take place?

Note Answer: Question 4 is asking about the indirect object (who someone spoke to) and question 5 is asking about the subject (who spoke to someone).

### **Exercise 14**

Classmates' answers will vary.

- 1. Did you wake up late this morning?
- 2. Did you take the bus to school this morning?
- 3. Did you eat an egg for breakfast this morning?
- 4. Did you see a good movie on TV last night?
- 5. Did you buy something expensive yesterday?
- 6. Did you have a bad cold last week?
- 7. Did you win something/anything last year?
- 8. Did you read a great book last month?
- 9. Did you hear some/any interesting gossip last week?
- 10. Did you go on vacation to another country last year?

(continued on the next page...)

- 6. last 7. yesterday
  - 8. ago
  - 9. yesterday
- 10. ago

### Answer Key cont.

### **Exercise 15**

Answers will vary. Encourage your students to use both positive and negative, regular and irregular past verbs.

### **Exercise 16**

1.	а	3.	b	5.	а	7.	а	9. a	11. b
2.	b	4.	b	6.	b	8.	b	10. b	12. a

#### **SPELLING NOTES:**

- This lesson shows the American spelling of the words Color, Neighbors, Canceled, and Traveled. Most other Englishspeaking countries spell these words this way: Colour, Neighbours, Cancelled, and Travelled. Make it a challenge for your students to find these words in the lesson and see if they know the alternate spellings.
- Note that in the American spelling of words ending with the CVC pattern of consonant + e + l, the final I will usually not double in the most commonly accepted form (e.g., travel → traveled, cancel → canceled). Most other English-speaking countries prefer to double the final I (e.g., travel → travelled, cancel → cancelled).

#### **EDITOR'S NOTES:**

 In our Verb Cards: Present, Past & Past Participle resource (available in our Grammar & Usage Resources section) you'll find cards on pages 1-4 that you can use in a variety of ways. Page 7 contains a blank card template so that you or your students can make your own. <u>https://ellii.com/resources/ grammar-usage/2247-verb-cards-present-past-pastparticiple</u>

You could use these verb cards with some of the activities suggested in our 5 Fun Activities for Irregular Verbs blog post: <u>https://ellii.com/blog/5-fun-activities-for-irregular-verbs</u>

- 2. See our spelling rules and pronunciation guide for regular past verbs in our Grammar & Usage Resources section:
  - Spelling Rules: https://ellii.com/resources/grammar-usage/2732spelling-rules-for-regular-past-verbs
  - Pronunciation Rules: https://ellii.com/resources/grammar-usage/2733pronunciation-rules-regular-past-verbs