Parts of Speech

Table of Contents

- 2 Grammar Notes
 Parts of Speech
- 6 Exercise 1 Functions
- 7 Exercise 2Parts of Speech
- 9 Exercise 3
 Sentences
- 11 Exercise 4
 Patterns
- 13 Exercise 5
 Word Endings
- 15 Exercise 6 Writing
- **17 Exercise 7**Quiz
- 20 Answer Key

Grammar Practice Worksheets

Grammar Notes

PARTS OF SPEECH

In English, the main parts of speech are: **nouns**, **verbs**, **articles**, **adjectives**, **adverbs**, **prepositions**, and **conjunctions**. Let's learn what these parts of speech do and how they fit into English sentences.

A. Nouns & Pronouns (S, O, N)

Nouns (N) are people, places, or things. Pronouns (*I, you, she, he, it, we, they, me, him, mine, yours,* etc.) are words that can replace nouns. Nouns and pronouns can be subjects (S) of a sentence, objects (O) of a sentence, or objects of a preposition.

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
S+V+O	 People like him. The girl ate an apple. She went to Hawaii. 	

B. Verbs (V)

Verbs are the action or state of being in a sentence. Most verbs are action verbs that have one or more parts (*run*, *is running*, *has been running*, etc.). The most common state of being (no action) verb is *be*. Verbs usually follow a subject and can be followed by an object. With imperative verbs, the subject "you" is dropped.

PATTERN	EXAMPLES	
S + V (+ O)	My sister jogs.He likes her.Jane is a teacher.	
V (+ O)	Begin.Call me.Be here at 9:00.	

C. Articles (Art)

Articles are little words that give information about a noun. They come before a noun and usually show how many of a noun there are. Common articles are a, an, the. Other similar words are determiners such as a number (one, two) or a quantifier (many, a few).

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
Art + N	a puppyan orangethe books	

Grammar Notes cont.

D. Adjectives (Adj)

Adjectives are words that describe nouns. Adjectives give information about the noun's color, shape, size, etc. They have two common patterns in English: before a noun or after the "Be" verb.

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
Adj + N	beautiful flower	
Be + Adj	The flower is beautiful .	

E. Adverbs (Adv)

Adverbs are words that can describe verbs, adjectives, other adverbs, or even the whole sentence. Adverbs usually end in -ly.

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
Adv + V	often go	
V + Adv	speak fluently	
V + Adv + V	is quickly preparing	
Adv + Adv	really well	
Adv + Adj	very shiny	
Adv + S + V + O	Actually , l like rainy days.	
S + V + O + Adv	l like rainy days, actually .	

Grammar Notes cont.

F. Prepositions (Prep)

Prepositions are little words that indicate direction, time, place, etc. They are followed by a noun.

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
Prep + N	to schoolin Julyat home	

G. Conjunctions (Conj)

Conjunctions are short words that join two sentences or two similar parts of speech.

Tip:							
•	word "f ber com	-		-			
F	A	N	В	0	Y	S	
for	and	nor	but	or	yet	so	

PATTERN	EXAMPLE	
SVO + Conj + SVO	My brother likes Tracy, but he never says a word to her.	
VO + Conj + VO	She brushes her teeth and washes her face before bed.	
N + Conj + N	l ate cake and ice cream .	
V + Conj + V	You can call or text me.	
Adj + Conj + Adj	Our cat is cute and lazy .	
Adv + Conj + Adv	The ballerina danced beautifully and gracefully.	

Grammar Notes cont.

BEYOND THE BASICS

Patterns for different parts of speech work together and build on each other. For example, in the Prep + N pattern, the noun can also take an article (Art + N) and/or an adjective (Adj + N). Here are some examples:

Example 1	
PATTERN EXAMPLE	
Adj + N	fast car
Art + Adj + N	a fast car
Art + Adv + Adj + N	a really fast car

Example 3	
PATTERN EXAMPLE	
V + Adv	writes often
V + Adv + V	is often writing
V + Adv + Adv + V	is so often writing

Example 2	
PATTERN EXAMPLE	
Prep + N	at school
Prep + Art + N	at the school
Prep + Art + Adj + N	at the elite school

Example 4		
PATTERN EXAMPLE		
S + V + O	Cats chase mice.	
(Art + N) + V + (Art + N)	The cats chase the mice.	
(Art + Adj + N) + (Adv + V) + (Art + Adj + N)	The hungry cats always chase the scared mice.	

FUNCTIONS

What does each part of speech do? Fill in the correct part of speech next to each clue.

#	Clue	Part of Speech
1	describes a verb, an adjective, or an adverb	
2	can be a person, place, or thing	
3	shows an action or a state of being	
4	describes a person, place, or thing	
5	joins two sentences or words	
6	shows direction, time, or place	
7	shows how many there are	

Did You Remember?

<u>i</u>.....i

THE PARTS OF SPEECH

- noun or pronoun
- verb
- article
- adjective
- adverb
- preposition
- conjunction

PARTS OF SPEECH

A. Nouns & Pronouns

Underline or circle the nouns and pronouns in the sentences.

- 1. The suntanned lifeguard sat on the red chair in the sand.
- 2. Give me the hammer and the nails. I will fix the broken shelf.
- 3. The words in this exercise are simple, but the questions are hard.
- 4. Sam burned the hamburgers and the hot dogs, but the potatoes were good.

B. Verbs

Underline or circle the verbs in the sentences.

- 1. Sit down and be quiet. I am reading a book.
- 2. Barbara took a shower, made breakfast, and left the house at 9:00.
- 3. While I was driving to school, I saw my old teacher.
- 4. Right now Marta is sitting at her desk and studying for her math exam.

C. Articles

Underline or circle the articles in the sentences.

- 1. I went to a movie last night. The movie was really good.
- 2. The store down the street has clothes for sale.
- 3. I'd like to place an order for a large pizza.
- 4. A young girl is watching the parade.

Exercise 2 cont.

D. Adjectives

Underline or circle the adjectives in the sentences.

- 1. She lives in a beautiful, new house.
- The examination was long and difficult.
- 3. The words are easy to understand but tough to spell.
- 4. The chicken was overcooked, dry, and tasteless.

E. Adverbs

Underline or circle the adverbs in the sentences.

- 1. She walked very slowly down the street.
- 2. Brenda felt incredibly lucky to meet the singer who sang so beautifully.
- 3. Mario speaks softly, but his eyes are intensely bright.
- 4. Actually, I don't really want to go to the party.

F. Prepositions

Underline or circle the prepositions in the sentences.

- 1. We went to the store for milk.
- Do you like to stay at home at night?
- 3. In 2016, Maria traveled to Europe in the summer.
- 4. Yosuke lives on Main Street in Vancouver.

G. Conjunctions

Underline or circle the conjunctions in the sentences.

- 1. My mother and her sister live on the same street.
- 2. Mike wants a new car, but he can't afford it.
- 3. Do you want chicken or fish for dinner?
- 4. Sam needs new glasses, so his mother took him shopping.

SENTENCES

Choose the correct parts of speech for the words in the following sentences.

A. The Lazy Man

The lazy man slept in the afternoon, and he was very tired at night.

1.	The	3.	man	5.	in	7.	and	9.	very
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) prepositionc) verbd) pronoun		a) conjunctionb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) adverbb) nounc) verbd) pronoun
2.	lazy	4.	slept	6.	afternoon	8.	he	10.	. tired
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adverb		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) adjectivec) verbd) pronoun

B. Tigers

Tigers are big, fast, and dangerous, but they are incredibly beautiful. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

	. 2 3		. 3	Ū	,	•	,		.0
1.	Tigers	3.	big	5.	and	7.	but	9.	incredibly
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) adverbd) adjective		a) articleb) adjectivec) verbd) conjunction		a) conjunctionb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) adjectivec) adverbd) pronoun
2.	are	4.	fast	6.	dangerous	8.	they	10.	beautiful
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) adjectiveb) nounc) adverbd) pronoun		a) prepositionb) adjectivec) verbd) adverb		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) adjectivec) verbd) pronoun

Exercise 3 cont.

C. The Slim Dancer

The slim dancer stopped for a cup of coffee in the crowded cafe.

3. dancer 5. for 7. cup 9. coffee 1. The a) article a) article a) article a) conjunction a) adverb b) noun b) noun b) adjective b) noun b) noun c) verb c) verb c) verb c) verb c) verb d) pronoun d) pronoun d) preposition d) pronoun d) pronoun 2. slim 4. stopped 6. a 8. of 10. crowded a) article a) article a) preposition a) article a) article b) noun b) noun b) article b) noun b) adjective c) verb c) verb c) verb c) preposition c) verb d) adjective d) pronoun d) adverb d) conjunction d) pronoun

D. In the Summer

In the summer, the happy children play enthusiastically in the park.

1.	In	3.	summer	5.	children	7.	enthusiastically	9.	the
	a) articleb) prepositionc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) adjectivec) nound) preposition		a) conjunctionb) adverbc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun
2.	the	4.	happy	6.	play	8.	in	10	. park
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) prepositionb) articlec) verbd) adverb		a) articleb) pronounc) prepositiond) conjunction		a) articleb) adjectivec) nound) pronoun

PATTERNS

A. Write the Patterns

Write the patterns from pages 2–5 that match the words from the sentences.

1. I usually read big novels.

I read novels.	S + V + O
usually read	
big novels	

2. The young men live in really big houses.

the men	
young men	
in houses	
really big	
big houses	

3. He prefers winter to summer, actually.

He prefers winter.	
to summer	
He prefers winter, actually.	

4. Jackie has very long hair.

Jackie has hair.	
very long	
long hair	

5. We traveled to a large, European city with friends.

	We traveled.	
	a city	
	large city	
	European city	
	with friends	

The woman bought an incredibly beautiful painting.

the woman	
incredibly beautiful	
an incredibly beautiful painting	

Exercise 4 cont.

B. Write the Words

Write the words that match the patterns from the sentences.

1. The hungry students ate all of the cookies.

the students	Art + N
	Adj + N
	Art + N

4. The movie was funny and interesting.

Art + N
Be + Adj
Adj + Conj + Adj

2. The athletic man ran quickly around the track.

Art + N
Adj + N
V + Adv
Prep + Art + N

5. The sleepy cats rested peacefully on the bed.

Art + N
Adj + N
V + Adv
Prep + Art + N

3. He has never cooked for a very large group.

V + Adv + V
Adj + N
Prep + Art + Adv + Adj + N

6. She was tired, yet she studied hard.

Be + Adj
V + Adv
SV + Conj + SV

•

WORD ENDINGS

A. Chart

The ending (suffix) of a word can help you figure out its part of speech. Review common word endings in the chart below.

	Endings	Examples		
	-ance	importance		
	-ence	independence		
	-er	teacher		
	-ion	attention		
Nouns	-ity	capacity		
	-ment	government		
	-ness	kindness		
	-or	actor		
	-ship	friendship		
	-ate	participate		
	-en	sharpen		
Verbs	-ify	identify		
	-ise	advertise		
	-ize	organize		

	Endings	Examples
	-able	lovable
	-al	logical
	-ant	important
	-ed	excited
	-ent	independent
	-ful	beautiful
Adjectives	-ible	sensible
	-ic	specific
	-ing	exciting
	-ive	active
	-less	careless
	-ous	dangerous
	-у	happy
Adverbs	-ly	happily

The -ly Ending

The -ly suffix is commonly used to form adverbs, but there are a few adjectives that end in -ly. These include friendly, costly, and time words such as daily, weekly, monthly, yearly, hourly, and early.

Exercise 5 cont.

B. Practice

Use your knowledge of sentence patterns and word endings to help you choose the correct word in parentheses to write in each sentence. Then write the pattern on the right.

#	Sentence	Pattern
Ex	They areexcitedto go to the concert. (excite / excited)	Be + Adj
1	A hippopotamus is a animal. (danger / dangerous)	
2	Companies their products. (advertise / advertisement)	
3	My daughter learns quickly. (real / really)	
4	We go to the beach after class. (usual / usually)	
5	The hotel bed was surprisingly (comfort / comfortable)	
6	Pay to what I'm telling you. (attentive / attention)	
7	I have to write everything down because I'm (forget / forgetful)	
8	My father always tells me to treat people with (kind / kindness)	
9	I believe that all people should have freedom and (independent / independence)	
10	Your mother sings (beautiful / beautifully)	
11	His son wants to be a (write / writer)	
12	Do you like movies? (scare / scary)	

Parts of SpeechGrammar Practice Worksheets

Exercise 6

WRITING

Write a word of your choice on the top blank, and write its part of speech on the bottom blank.

1.			student walked			1.
2.			yelled at the			
3.	The banker		suit.			
4.			morning, my friends			four times.
5.	It was raini		we didn't go		•	
6.			_ black dog		s owner.	
7.	-		late, so she			
			stop	the office.		
8.	Maya loves		. , -			
9.	-		brother			-
10.	Carol loves	Carl, but	does	n't love	·	



Parts of SpeechGrammar Practice Worksheets

Exercise 6 cont.

11.		noun	_ was so heavy that schoo	ol <u>was canc</u> verb		
12.		ba <u></u>	g on the table is			
13.			girl in the			
14.			to talk to the teacher,			l to leave for class.
15.	I can't believ			·		must be full now.
16.	It was rainir		we didn't go _			ζ.
17.			mouth. You reall	y can't keep a		
18.			cheap,		າດ one invites hir	n to dinner.
19.			drinks coffee, but			rinks tea.
			was six years old, I co			

QUIZ

Choose the correct parts of speech for the words in the following sentences.

A. The Black Cat

The black cat ran quickly down the street at night.

1.	The	3.	cat	5.	quickly	7.	the	9.	at
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) adverbc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) conjunction		a) verbb) adjectivec) adverbd) preposition
2.	black	4.	ran	6.	down	8.	street	10.	night
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) prepositionb) nounc) verbd) adverb		a) conjunctionb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) nounb) adjectivec) adverbd) pronoun

B. The Very Tall Woman

The very tall woman talked to an old friend on her new phone.

•	1 2	3	4	4 5	6	7	8 9	9 10		
1.	The		3.	tall	5.	talked	7.	old	9.	on
	a) nounb) articlec) verbd) pronour	١		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) articleb) adjectivec) verbd) preposit		a) conjunctionb) adjectivec) verbd) pronoun		a) adverbb) nounc) verbd) preposition
2.	very		4.	woman	6.	to	8	friend	10	. new
	a) adverbb) nounc) verbd) adjective	e		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) pronounb) articlec) prepositd) adverb		a) articleb) nounc) prepositiond) conjunction		a) articleb) adjectivec) verbd) pronoun

Exercise 7 cont.

C. A Thief

A thief stole my bicycle, so I walked to John's house. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

3. stole 5. so 7. walked 9. John's 1. A a) conjunction a) article a) article a) preposition a) adjective b) adjective b) noun b) conjunction b) article b) noun c) adverb c) verb c) verb c) verb c) verb d) adjective d) article d) adjective d) adverb d) pronoun 2. thief 4. bicycle 6. I 8. to 10. house a) article a) article a) article a) preposition a) article b) preposition b) noun b) adjective b) conjunction b) noun c) verb c) adjective c) pronoun c) adverb c) preposition d) pronoun d) preposition d) conjunction d) noun d) verb

D. The Cute Puppy

The cute puppy slept well on a very comfortable couch.

6 7 8

5

1.	The	3.	puppy	5.	well	7.	a	9.	comfortable
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) articleb) prepositionc) verbd) adverb		a) conjunctionb) nounc) verbd) article		a) adverbb) nounc) adjectived) pronoun
2.	cute	4.	slept	6.	on	8.	very	10.	couch
	a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adjective		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun		a) prepositionb) nounc) verbd) adverb		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) adverb		a) articleb) nounc) verbd) pronoun

10

Exercise 7 cont.

E. The Angry Teacher

The students whispered softly, but the angry teacher heard them.

6

3. whispered 5. but 1. The 7. angry heard a) noun a) article a) preposition a) adjective a) article b) article b) noun b) conjunction b) adverb b) adjective c) verb c) verb c) adverb c) preposition c) verb d) adjective d) adjective d) verb d) conjunction d) noun 4. softly 2. students 6. the 8. teacher 10. them a) article a) article a) conjunction a) adverb a) article b) noun b) adjective b) adverb b) adjective b) noun c) verb c) verb c) adverb c) article c) verb d) adjective d) verb d) preposition d) adjective d) pronoun

F. An Ugly House

He lives in an incredibly ugly house with his sons and daughters.

1 2 3 1. He 5. ugly 7. with 9. and 3. an a) article a) article a) adjective a) adverb a) conjunction b) preposition b) adjective b) adverb b) noun b) adjective c) pronoun c) verb c) conjunction c) verb c) verb d) pronoun d) preposition d) pronoun d) preposition d) pronoun 2. lives 4. incredibly 6. house 8. sons 10. daughters a) article a) preposition a) article a) pronoun a) noun b) noun b) adjective b) noun b) adjective b) adjective c) verb c) verb c) preposition c) verb c) verb d) article d) noun d) adjective d) adverb d) conjunction

Parts of Speech

Grammar Practice Worksheets

Answer Key

LESSON DESCRIPTION:

In this lesson, students will learn the function and sentence position of the basic parts of speech. They will also be introduced to word endings that can help them identify the parts of speech.

LEVEL: Beg – Low Int

TIME: 2-3 hours

TAGS: parts of speech, verb, nouns, pronouns, articles,

adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions,

grammar, sentences

Exercise 1

1	١.	adverb

- 2. noun
- 3. verb
- 4. adjective

- conjunction
- 6. preposition
- 7. article

F. PREPOSITIONS

- 1. to, for
- 2. at, at
- 3. In, to, in
- 4. on, in

G. CONJUNCTIONS

- 1. and
- 2. but
- 3. or
- 4. sc

Exercise 2

A. NOUNS

- 1. lifeguard, chair, sand
- 2. me, hammer, nails, I, shelf
- 3. words, exercise, questions
- 4. Sam, hamburgers, hot dogs, potatoes

A. THE LAZY MAN

Exercise 3

1.	a	3. b	5. b	7. a	9. a
2.	d	4. c	6. b	8. d	10. b

B. TIGERS

1.	b	3.	d	5.	d	7.	a	9.	C
2.	С	4.	а	6.	b	8.	d	10.	b

C. THE SLIM DANCER

1.	a	3.	b	5.	d	7.	b	9.	b
2.	d	4.	С	6.	b	8.	С	10.	. b

D. IN THE SUMMER

1.	b	3.	b	5.	С	7.	b	9.	а
2.	a	4.	d	6.	С	8.	С	10.	С

(continued on the next page...)

B. VERBS

1. sit, be, am reading

- 2. took, made, left
- 3. was driving, saw
- 4. is sitting, studying

D. ADJECTIVES

- 1. beautiful, new
- 2. long, difficult
- 3. easy, tough
- 4. overcooked, dry, tasteless

4. A, the

E. ADVERBS

C. ARTICLES

The, the,

1. a, The

3. an, a

- 1. very, slowly
- 2. incredibly, so, beautifully
- 3. softly, intensely
- 4. Actually, really

Answer Key cont.

Exercise 4

A. WRITE THE PATTERNS

1. I usually read big novels.

l read novels.	S + V + O
usually read	Adv + V
big novels	Adj + N

2. The young men live in really big houses.

the men	Art + N
young men	Adj + N
in houses	Prep + N
really big	Adv + Adj
big houses	Adj + N

3. He prefers winter to summer, actually.

He prefers winter.	S + V + O
to summer	Prep + N
He prefers winter, actually.	S + V + O + Adv

4. Jackie has very long hair.

Jackie has hair.	S + V + O
very long	Adv + Adj
long hair	Adj + N

5. We traveled to a large, European city with friends.

We traveled.	S + V
a city	Art + N
large city	Adj + N
European city	Adj + N
with friends	Prep + N

6. The woman bought an incredibly beautiful painting.

the woman	Art + N
incredibly beautiful	Adv + Adj
an incredibly beautiful painting	Art + Adv + Adj + N

B. WRITE THE WORDS

1. The hungry students ate all of the cookies.

the students	Art + N
hungry students	Adj + N
the cookies	Art + N

2. The athletic man ran quickly around the track.

the man	Art + N
athletic man	Adj + N
ran quickly	V + Adv
around the track	Prep + Art + N

3. He has never cooked for a very large group.

has never cooked	V + Adj + V
large group	Adj + N
for a very large group	Prep + Art + Adv + Adj + N

4. The movie was funny and interesting.

the movie	Art + N
was funny / was interesting	Be + Adj
funny and interesting	Adj + Conj + Adj

5. The sleepy cats rested peacefully on the bed.

the cats	Art + N
sleepy cats	Adj + N
rested peacefully	V + Adv
on the bed	Prep + Art + N

6. She was tired, yet she studied hard.

	was tired	Be + Adj	:
	studied hard	V + Adj	
- 1	She was tired, yet she studied hard.	SV + Conj + SV	

(continued on the next page...)

Parts of Speech

Grammar Practice Worksheets

Answer Key cont.

Exercise 5

B. PRACTICE

Patterns may vary.

- 1. dangerous / Adj + N
- 2. advertise / S + V + O
- 3. really / Adv + Adv
- 4. usually / Adv + V
- 5. comfortable / Adv + Adj
- 6. attention / V + O
- 7. forgetful / Be + Adj
- 8. kindness / Prep + N
- 9. independence / N + Conj + N
- 10. beautifully / V + Adv
- 11. writer / Art + N
- 12. scary / Adj + N

Exercise 6

Answers may vary. Possible answers include:

- 1. frustrated (adjective), quickly (adverb)
- 2. fans (noun), tired (adjective)
- 3. dark (adjective)
- 4. the (article), walk (verb)
- 5. so (conjunction), game (noun)
- 6. The (article), ran (verb)
- 7. very (adverb), ran (verb), to (preposition)
- 8. chicken (noun), and (conjunction)
- 9. little (adjective), watches (verb), programs (noun)
- 10. he (pronoun), her (pronoun)
- 11. snow (noun), was canceled (verb)
- 12. The (article), mine (pronoun)
- 13. tallest (adjective), whole (adjective)
- 14. wanted (verb), but (conjunction)
- 15. slices (noun), You (pronoun)
- 16. so (conjunction), to (preposition)
- 17. big (adjective), secret (noun)
- 18. but (conjunction), so (conjunction)
- 19. never (adverb), she (pronoun)
- 20. I (pronoun), ride (verb)

(continued on the next page...)

Parts of Speech

Grammar Practice Worksheets

Answer Key cont.

Exercise 7

Δ	THE	RI A	CK	CAT
Λ.	1111	DLF	'C'	CAI

1.	a	3.	b	5.	b	7.	a	9.	d
2.	d	4.	С	6.	a	8.	b	10.	а

B. THE VERY TALL WOMAN

1.	b	3.	d	5.	С	7.	b	9.	d
2.	а	4.	b	6.	С	8.	b	10.	b

C. A THIEF

1.	d	3.	С	5.	b	7.	С	9.	b
2.	d	4.	b	6.	С	8.	а	10.	b

D. THE CUTE PUPPY

1.	a	3.	b	5.	d	7.	d	9.	C
2.	d	4.	С	6.	a	8.	d	10.	b

E. THE ANGRY TEACHER

1.	b	3.	С	5.	b	7.	a	9.	C
2	h	4	c	6	C	8	h	10	0

F. AN UGLY HOUSE

1.	d	3.	a	5.	a	7.	d	9.	а
2.	С	4.	d	6.	b	8.	a	10.	d

SPELLING NOTE:

This lesson shows the American spelling of the words *Traveled* and *Canceled*. Most other English-speaking countries spell these words this way: *Travelled* and *Cancelled*. Make it a challenge for your students to find these words in the lesson and see if they know the alternate spellings.

EDITOR'S NOTES:

- This lesson is intended as a brief introduction to the main parts of speech in English. For more details and examples of each part of speech, see the individual grammar lessons listed under the related resources: https://ellii.com/lessons/grammar-practiceworksheets/1605-parts-of-speech
- 2. Your students might question the role of the words my, your, her, his, its, our, and their in a sentence since they are included in some of the exercises in this lesson. You may wish to point out that these words are called possessive adjectives. They take an adjective position (before a noun) and function like a pronoun (indicates the singular/plural person) or article (indicates a specific person). For more examples and practice, see our Pronouns 1 lesson: https://ellii.com/lessons/grammar-practice-worksheets/1624-pronouns-1